

# FOR PLANT SURVIVAL

# PLANTTECH

*When only the best will do!*

## MycoStarr™

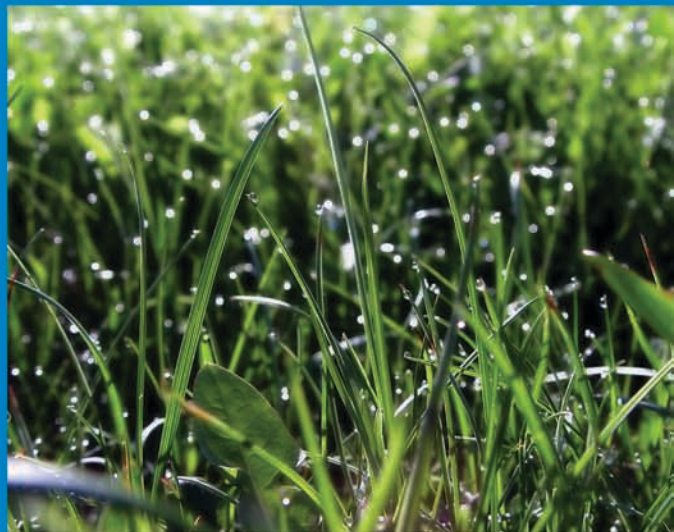
### 6-5-6 Natural/Organic

**MycoStarr™ 6-5-6** is a combination feather meal, meat and bone meal, and mined sulfate of potash granular fertilizer. It is chelated with Hydrolyzed Microbial Protein (HMP), a new and unique protein in our industry. MycoStarr also contains a technologically advanced mycorrhizae formula to further assist plant establishment. The mycorrhizae package in MycoStarr is formulated based on species diversity. This is especially useful to help establish and maintain plants growing in compromised soil conditions or in new construction by promoting increased water and mineral nutrient acquisition.

- **Chelated with Hydrolyzed Microbial Protein**
- **Advanced mycorrhizae formula**
- **Unmatched mycorrhizae diversity**
- **Recommended for poor soil or new construction**
- **High nutrient content verses similar products**
- **No Manure or Sewerage sludge**
- **No Odor**

#### Suggested application rates

New plantings or transplants, apply 1 lb. of MycoStarr per 1" caliper of tree or per 5 gallon container. Place 50% of fertilizer in the planting hole, and mix the rest with the back fill. MycoStarr can also be used for verti-mulching, and should be used liberally in the verti-mulching holes. Verti-mulching is recommended for compromised specimen trees, or trees that are stressed due to environmental conditions.



#### Guaranteed Analysis

Total Nitrogen (N)	6.00%
0.50% Water Soluble Organic Nitrogen	
5.50% Water Insoluble Organic Nitrogen	
Available Phosphate (P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> )	5.00%
Soluble Potash (K <sub>2</sub> O)	6.00%

Derived from feather meal, hydrolyzed microbial protein, meat and bone meal, sulfate of potash, bentonite, and molasses.

Mycorrhizae formula includes:- Endo Mycorrhizae  
Glomus intraradices, G. mosseae, G. aggregatum, G. clarum, G. deserticola, G. monosporum, G. brasilianum, G. etunicatum, Gigaspora margarita. Ecto Mycorrhizae  
Pisolithus tinctorius, Laccaria laccata, L. bicolor  
Scleroderma citrinum and S. cepa.

